

A case study on a clinic's experience using **Online Appointment Booking** for cervical cancer appointments and reminders for patients

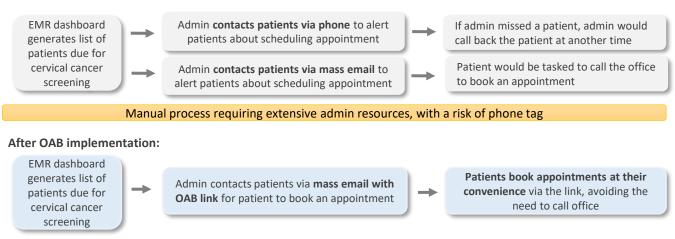
Online Appointment Booking enhances clinical efficiencies and is showing potential to increase uptake of cervical cancer screening appointments for patients.

Preventative care is a pillar of primary health care. Since the 1980s, there has been a dramatic decline in the rate at which people who have a cervix in Ontario (women, transgender, and nonbinary people) have developed and died from cervical cancer.¹ This can be almost entirely attributed to the implementation of regular preventative pap tests through primary care clinics.^{1,2} The current Ontario guidelines suggest screening for cervical cancer in sexually active individuals with a cervix between the ages of 25 and 69 every three years.³ Although the Ontario screening program provides letters to eligible people due for a pap test, participation in cervical screening remains moderate across Ontario.^{1,4} More than one-fifth of Ontarians who are eligible for breast, cervical and colorectal cancer screenings were found to be overdue for screening by five or more years, despite universal healthcare coverage and the presence of an organized cancer screening program.⁵ Additionally, 55% of individuals diagnosed with cervical cancer had not had a pap test in more than 5 years prior to their diagnosis. Cervical cancer remains the third most common cancer among individuals with a cervix in Ontario.² Clearly, additional recruitment strategies are required to support an increase in cervical cancer screenings.

Gates of Maple Family Practice implemented Online Appointment Booking (OAB) to streamline processes such as cervical cancer screening booking for the clinic and patients. The clinic aimed to make the process less labour intensive for administrative staff to notify patients due for a pap test appointment, as well as make it easier and more convenient for patients to book their own appointments. **Figure 1** below illustrates clinic workflows for booking cervical cancer screenings before and after OAB implementation.

Figure 1: Gates of Maple Family Practice Cervical Cancer Screening Workflow Before and After OAB Implementation

Before OAB implementation:

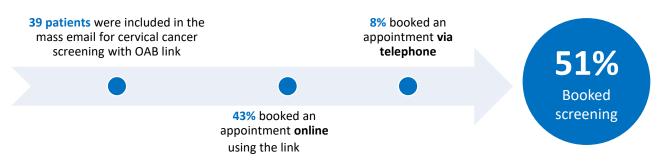


Eliminated manual process of calling, potential phone tag and patient need to call the office during operating hours

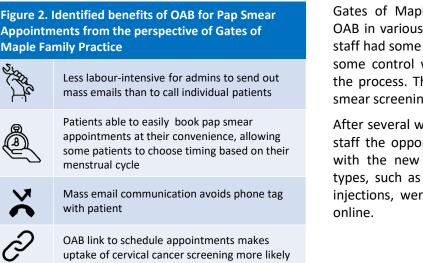
OAB saved a lot of staff time, and freed them up to do other things as opposed to making calls.

- Clinician quote from interview

The below highlights process measures and the outcomes of OAB implementation for the pap test at the Gates of Maple Practice 3 months post-implementation:



The above outcomes are promising considering a **previous study in Ontario** examining the impact of invitation and reminder letters on cervical cancer screening had found that **only 14% of women that received reminder letters had a Pap test within 9 months of the invitation letter.**⁶ OAB has the potential of increasing the likelihood of patients adhering to cervical cancer screening recommendations in Ontario by making it easy and efficient to book appointments.



Gates of Maple Family Practice implemented OAB in various stages. Prior to rolling out OAB, staff had some hesitation partly due to giving up some control with triaging patients as part of the process. Thus, OAB was only open for pap smear screening appointments initially.

After several weeks of testing, which gave clinic staff the opportunity to familiarize themselves with the new technology, other appointment types, such as diabetes follow-up and shingles injections, were available for patients to book online.

If you have any questions or would like further information on this case study, contact communications@ehealthce.ca.

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